

1.4 Bird Migration and its types - contd.

Altitudinal Migration

Altitudinal migration is the **seasonal altitudinal movement of birds from breeding areas to non-breeding or wintering areas at different elevations**. The prevalence of invertivore birds among altitudinal migrants is not unexpected because this is the most common foraging guild among birds worldwide. E.g. **Grouse, Pheasants**

Himalayan birds throng agricultural lands in winter, but many breed in forests. Despite the high altitudes and harsh winters, the Himalayas are a global biodiversity hotspot, home to 10 percent of the world's bird species. Primary forests are important during the breeding season

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Freudenstadt,
Germany- Grouse,
Postage
20Pfennig
Meter FRAMA, on
window cover,
Post Horn



2008.
Mikado Pheasant
Rep. of China, Postage
12yuan
Meter FRAMA, on Souvenir
cover issued during Taipei
2008 Asian International
Stamp Exhibition



1A 1995. Singapore '95 Ovpt MS of 6v. Error sheet with yellow omitted

depicts Himalayan birds, namely Crested Kingfisher, Blyth's Tragopan, Long-tailed Minivet, Red Jungle fowl, Rufus Sibia and Red-billed Chough.

← Normal Sheet